

# Teach reading: change lives

Parent workshop: Phonics and early reading (Autumn 1)







# A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

**OECD** (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



## How many times have you already read today?













## Phonics



#### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

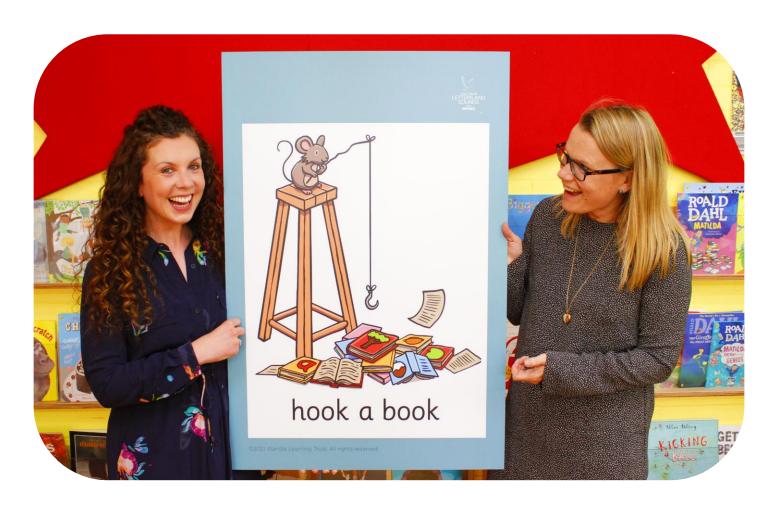
Our school has chosen

Little Wandle Letters and

Sounds Revised as our

Systematic Synthetic Phonics

(SSP) programme to teach
early reading and spelling.







#### **Phonics is:**

making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.







Phoneme

Grapheme

Digraph

Trigraph

Blend

Segment

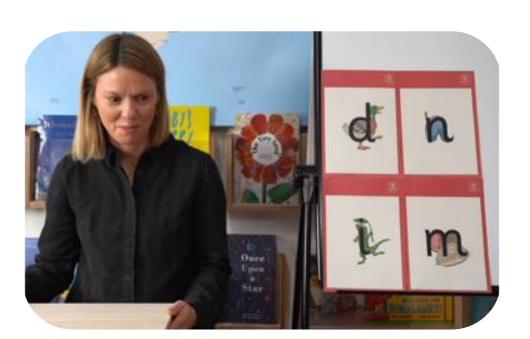


## This term in Reception we are teaching Phase 2

 These are the first group of letters and sounds your child will learn.

 We start teaching from week 2 of Reception.

 The lessons are fun, interactive, engaging and have been designed to gradually build over time.





### We teach blending so your child learns to read

- Teacher-led blending is taught throughout Phase 2.
- Our aim to is to teach every child to blend by Christmas.
- We will inform you if your child needs additional practice.





## Reading words

#### Children will be able to:

- blend independently
- blend in their heads with increasing fluency and confidence.

They will also begin to distinguish between different phonemes/graphemes.



#### We teach Phase 2 in this order



#### Phase 2 grapheme information sheet

#### Autumn 1

Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
<b>S</b> S	Snake	Show your teeth and and let the s hiss out ssssss ssssss	Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.
<b>Q</b> a	astronaut	Open your mouth wide and make the 'a' sound at the back of your mouth a a a	Around the astronaut's helmet, and down into space.
t	tiger	Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt	From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger.
<b>p</b> p	penguin	Bring your lips together and push them open and say <b>p p p</b>	Down the penguin's back, up and round its head.
į	iguana	pull your lips back and make the 't' sound at the back of your mouth i i i	Down the iguana's body, then drav a dot [on the leaf] at the top.
n		Open your lips a bit,put your tongue behind your teeth and make the <b>nnnn</b> sound <b>nnnn</b>	Down the stick, up and over the net.

Phase 2	aranheme	information s	sheet
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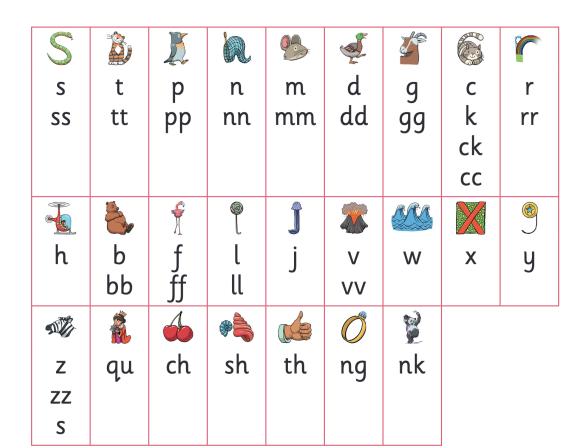
#### Autumn 2

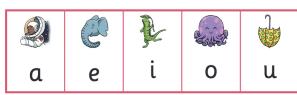
Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
j	jellyfish	Pucker your lips and show your teeth use your tongue as you say j j j	All the way down the jellyfish. Dot on its head.
V	volcano	Put your teeth against your bottom lip and make a buzzing vvvv vvvv	Down to the bottom of the volcano, and back up to the top.
W	wave	Pucker your lips and keep them small as you say <b>w</b> <b>w w</b>	From the top of the wave to the bottom, up the wave down the wave, then up again.
X	box	Mouth open then push the cs/x sound through as you close your mouth cs cs cs (x x x)	Start at the top, then acros to the bottom of the box. Start at the top, then acros to the bottom of the box.
		Smile, tongue to the top of	Down and round the yo-yo,

Picture card

Pronunciation phrase

## Let's say the Phase 2 sounds









Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



## This term in year 1 we are teaching Phase 5

#### In Phase 5 children learn:

- new graphemes for the sounds they already know
- that the same grapheme can have alternative pronunciations.

The 'Grow the code' lessons support children with reading and spelling these alternative spellings.



How we teach Phase 5

## Let's say the Phase 5 sounds



Grow the co	de grapheme	mat Phase	<b>2</b> , 3	and 5
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#### Grow the code grapheme mat Phase 2, 3 and 5

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<sup>\*</sup>depending on regional accent



#### How to say Phase 5 sounds

#### How to say the Phase 5 sounds

At Phase 5, children learn alternative graphemes for sounds introduced in Phases 2 and 3.

#### Sounds introduced in Phase 2

Grapheme and mnemonic	Pronunciation phrase	Phase 5 Graphemes
S	Show your teeth and let the s hiss out sssss ssssss	c se ce st sc
h	Open your lips a bit; put your tongue behind your teeth and make the <b>nnnn</b> sound <b>nnnn</b>	kn gn
m	Put your lips together and make the <b>mmmmm</b> sound <b>mmmmmm</b>	mb
6	Open your mouth into a little smile, make your tongue flat and move it up towards the top of your mouth to say ccc	ch
<b>F</b>	Show me your teeth to make a <b>rrrr</b> sound <b>rrrrr</b>	wr
<u>•</u>	Open your lips a little; put your teeth on your bottom lip and push the air out to make the sound fffff fffff	ph
<u> </u>	Open your mouth a little; put your tongue up to the top of your mouth, behind your teeth, and press IIII IIII	le al







## Tricky words

• These words have unusual spellings e.g. he, the, was.

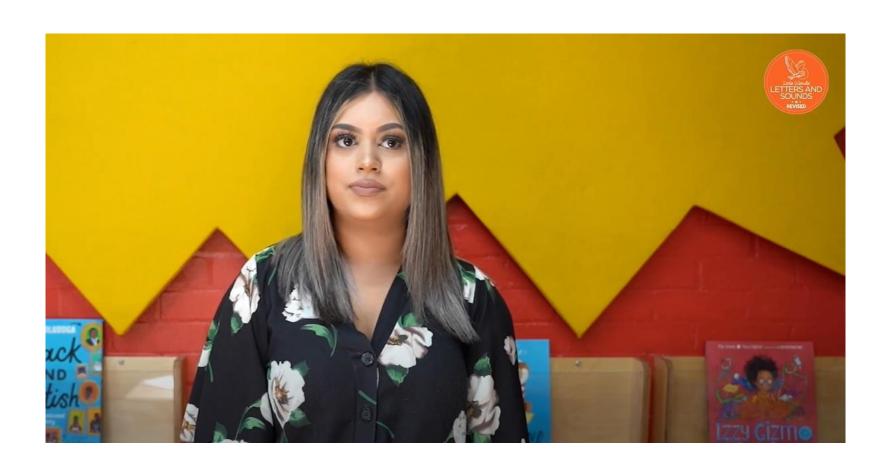
• They are taught in a systematic way.

• Children are now learning to read the Phase 2 tricky words: is, I, the, put, pull, full, as, and, has, his, her, go, no, to, into, she, push, he, of, we, me, be.









## Phase 5 tricky words



### Our progression

#### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

#### Reception

Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
s a t p i n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f l	is I the

Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk  words with —s /s/ added at the end (hats sits)  words ending —s /z/ (his) and with —s /z/ added at the end (bags)	put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes	New tricky words
ai ee igh oa oo <b>oo</b> ar or ur ow oi ear air er • words with double letters • longer words	was you they my by all are sure pure

Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes	No new tricky words	
Review Phase 3 Ionger words, including those with double letters words with -s /z/ in the middle words with -es /z/ at the end words with -s /s/ and /z/ at the end	Review all taught so far	

Summer 1 Phase 4	New tricky words		
Short vowels with adjacent consonants  CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVCC	said so have like some come love do were here little says there when what one out today		



#### Year 1

Autumn 1	Review tricky words Phases 2–4		
Review Phase 3 and 4 <b>Phase 5</b>	Phases 2—4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no go of he she we me be was you they all are my by		
/ai/ ay play /ow/ ou cloud /oi/ oy toy /ea/ ea each	sure pure said have like so do some come love were there little one when out what says here today		

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
/ur/ ir bird /igh/ ie pie /oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue /yoo/ u unicorn /oa/ o go /igh/ i tiger /ai/ a paper /ee/ e he	their people oh your Mr Mrs Ms ask* could would should our house mouse water want
lail a-e shake lighl i-e time loal o-e home lool lyool u-e rude cute leel e-e these lool lyool ew chew new leel ie shield lorl aw claw	

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such

Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
leel y funny	any many again
lel ea head	who whole where two
/w/ wh wheel	school call different
/oa/ oe ou toe shoulder	thought through friend work
/igh/ y fly	
loal ow snow	









the



## Reading and spelling

## **Spelling in Reception**



- Your child will be taught how to spell simple words, using the graphemes they have been taught.
- They will practise the correct formation of letters. They will also have handwriting lessons.

Phase 2 grapheme information sheet

Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
<b>S</b> S	Snake	Show your teeth and and let the s hiss out ssssss ssssss	Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.
<b>a</b> a	astronaut	Open your mouth wide and make the <b>a</b> sound at the back of your mouth <b>a a a</b>	Around the astronaut's helmet and down into space.
t	tiger	Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt	From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger.
pp	penquin	Bring your lips together, push them open and say <b>p p p</b>	Down the penguin's back, up and around its head.





### Spelling in Year 1

 This term, your child will be taught how to spell words every day using the graphemes they have been taught so far.



 Handwriting is referred to but is taught at other times of the day.







- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.



#### **Little Wandle Spelling in Year 2**



How many ways can you spell the 'ee' sound?

Grow the code grapheme mat Phase 2, 3 and 5

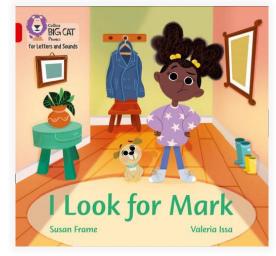
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ai	ee	igh	oa	<b>©00</b>		00	ar
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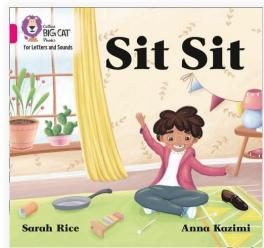




#### Reading practice sessions are:

- timetabled three times a week
- taught by a trained teacher/teaching assistant
- taught in small groups
- children in Reception will bring a book home after week 4 of the first half-term.









## How do we find the right book for your child?

#### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised Reception Child assessment

#### Autumn 1

m	a	р	С	0
S	g	k	u	h
i	t	n	r	f
d	ck	е	b	l

sat man hug red pe<u>ck</u>





#### Reading a book at the right level



#### This means that your child should:

- know all the sounds and tricky words in their phonics book well
- read many of the words by silent blending (in their head) – their reading will be automatic
- only need to stop and sound out about 5% of the words by the time they bring the book home – but they should be able to do this on their own.





## Reading at home

## The most important thing you can do is read with your child

## Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.









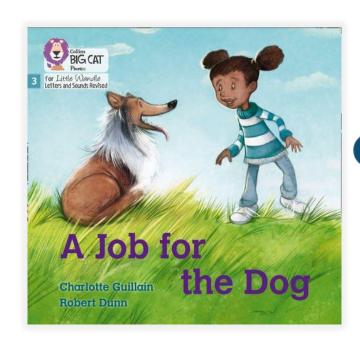




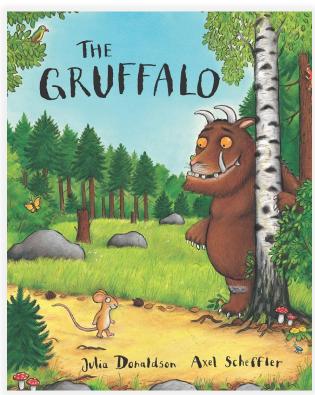


Books going home











## Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book without your help.
- They might sound out words and blend them before they read them fluently.
- If they can't read a word, read it to them.
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.





### Reading a wordless books

Wordless books are invaluable as they teach reading behaviours and early reading skills to children who are not blending – yet!

- Talk about the pictures.
- Point to the images in the circles and find them on the page.
- Encourage your child to make links from the book to their experiences.







#### The shared book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can:
  - Introduce new and exciting language.
  - Encourage your child to use new vocabulary.
  - Make up sentences together.
  - Find different words to use.
  - Describe things you see.







## Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.







# One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

